

name: _____

class: _____

date: _____

The Siege of Derry



The Siege of Derry was a significant event during the Glorious _____. This siege took place in the city of Derry, now known as Londonderry, in Northern _____. It began in December 1688 and lasted until July 1689. The people of Derry were _____ of the Protestant William of Orange, who had overthrown the Catholic King _____ II of England.

James II's forces laid siege to the city to regain control. The defenders of _____ were determined to resist. The walls of the city were strong and well-prepared. Supplies were scarce, but the _____ remained resolute. They faced hunger and disease with great courage.

A _____ called the Mountjoy broke through the blockade in July 1689, bringing much-needed _____ to the starving population. This event marked the turning point of the siege. The _____ was lifted soon after, and the city was saved.

The Siege of Derry became a symbol of Protestant _____. It was celebrated in songs and stories. The successful defense of the _____ was a key moment in the struggle between Protestant and Catholic _____ in Ireland. This event helped to solidify the position of William of Orange as king.

The _____ of the Siege of Derry lives on. Every year, the people of Londonderry commemorate the siege with parades and _____. It remains an important part of the city's history and _____.

citizens city supporters siege forces resistance identity ship legacy
Derry James Ireland supplies celebrations Revolution