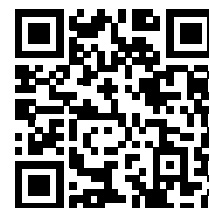


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The Plantagenets and English Monarchy



The _____, a formidable dynasty, ruled _____ from 1154 to 1485. They were known for their fierce _____ and significant impact on _____. Henry II, the first Plantagenet _____, implemented legal _____ that shaped English law. His sons, Richard the _____ and King John, were famous and infamous, respectively. Richard was celebrated for his role in the _____, while John's reign saw the signing of the _____, a cornerstone of modern _____. The Plantagenets also faced numerous _____, including the Hundred Years' _____ with France. Despite these challenges, they expanded English _____ and influence. Under their rule, _____ and art flourished, marking the beginning of the English _____. One notable figure was Geoffrey _____, whose works are still celebrated today.

However, internal _____ often plagued the dynasty. The Wars of the _____, a series of civil wars for the throne, eventually led to the end of Plantagenet rule. This turbulent era saw the rise of the _____, who would shape England's future in new ways.

Magna Carta	leadership	Renaissance	Chaucer	territory	reforms	
conflicts	king	strife	Lionheart	Roses	democracy	Plantagenets
history	culture	War	Tudors	Crusades	England	