

name: _____

class: _____

date: _____

The Luddites' Rebellion



During the Industrial _____ in Britain, many workers were affected. New machines replaced the _____ labor that many people relied on. This caused widespread _____ among workers. The Luddites were a group of English _____ who protested against this change. They feared that machines would take away their _____ and destroy their livelihood.

The Luddites were mostly textile workers. They worked in _____ making cloth and other fabrics. When new machinery was introduced, factory _____ found that they needed fewer workers. This led to the Luddites breaking into factories at _____. They would destroy the machines they believed were causing their problems.

The _____ saw the Luddites as a serious threat. They responded by increasing the _____ for destroying machinery. Some Luddites were even executed for their actions. Despite their efforts, the _____ did not stop the Industrial Revolution. Machines continued to be used more widely in factories.

The _____ are often seen as a symbol of resistance to technological change. Today, people who oppose new _____ are sometimes called Luddites. However, the original Luddites were not against all technology. They were against the _____ it was being used to put them out of work without any form of _____. The struggle of the Luddites is a reminder of the human cost of rapid _____.

- Revolution
- night
- unemployment
- movement
- workers
- technology
- factories
- jobs
- penalties
- owners
- government
- industrialization
- manual
- compensation
- way
- Luddites