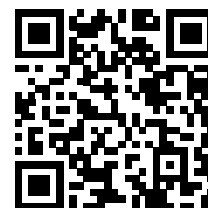


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The French Revolution's Impact



The French Revolution, beginning in 1789, dramatically changed _____.

It started with the financial crisis in _____ due to extensive war spending and the costs of maintaining the extravagant lifestyle of the monarchy. The common people, tired of economic hardships and inspired by the ideals of the _____, began to demand change. This led to the storming of the _____ on July 14, 1789, a symbolic act against the monarchy's abuses.

The Revolution brought about significant changes in _____, replacing the absolute monarchy with a republic, although it eventually led to the rise of

_____ Bonaparte as emperor. It also saw the implementation of the _____ of the Rights of Man and of the Citizen, which proclaimed freedom and equal rights for all men, challenging the traditional class system.

One of the most tragic events of the Revolution was the _____ of Terror, where thousands, including King _____ XVI and Queen Marie Antoinette, were executed. This period highlighted the extremism and internal conflicts that can arise during revolutionary movements.

The French Revolution influenced other countries by demonstrating that a people could overthrow an old regime and establish a new _____. It inspired revolutions in places like _____ and across Europe.

However, the Revolution also left a legacy of political instability in France, leading to various governmental changes in the 19th century. Its impact on modern _____ is undeniable, shaping ideas about democracy, nationalism, and human rights that continue to influence the world today.

Reign Napoleon government politics Enlightenment Bastille France
Europe Haiti Louis Declaration society