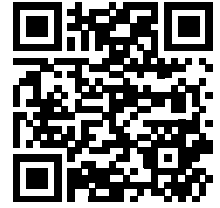


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The English Reformation and Puritan Movement



The English Reformation was a major _____ in the 16th century. It began when King Henry VIII broke away from the Roman _____ Church. This led to the creation of the Church of England. The Reformation changed the religious landscape of _____. It was a time of great religious turmoil. The Puritans emerged during this period. They wanted to purify the Church of England from Catholic _____.

Puritans believed in simplicity and strict moral codes. They thought that the Church of England was too similar to the Catholic _____. The Puritans wanted to eliminate any traces of Catholic rituals. They also emphasized the importance of personal _____ reading. They believed that everyone should have direct access to the scriptures.

The Puritan _____ gained momentum in the late 16th and early 17th centuries. Many Puritans faced persecution for their _____. Some fled to the New World to escape religious persecution. They established colonies based on their religious _____. The most famous Puritan colony was in Massachusetts. The Puritans had a significant impact on English _____. They influenced social norms and values. They believed in hard work, _____, and piety. Their ideas also contributed to the development of _____. They emphasized the importance of community and _____.

The Puritan legacy is still evident today. Their focus on education led to the establishment of _____ and universities. Their beliefs in democracy and community have influenced modern _____. The English Reformation and Puritan movement were crucial in shaping the religious and social _____ of England and the United States.

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| Church | democracy | practices | society | movement | responsibility | societies | | |
| principles | education | schools | fabric | Catholic | beliefs | Bible | England | event |