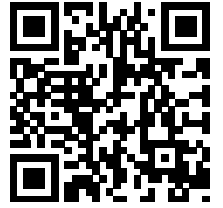


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# The End of the American Revolution



The Treaty of \_\_\_\_\_ in 1783 marked the end of the American Revolution. This agreement was crucial in establishing \_\_\_\_\_ between the American colonies and Great Britain. Negotiations for the treaty began in 1782 and took several \_\_\_\_\_ to complete. The American representatives included Benjamin Franklin, John Adams, and John \_\_\_\_\_. They worked hard to secure favorable terms for the newly independent United States.

One of the \_\_\_\_\_ of the treaty was the recognition of American independence by Britain. This was a major \_\_\_\_\_ for the American colonies. Additionally, the treaty established new borders for the United States. The western \_\_\_\_\_ was set at the Mississippi River, the northern border along Canada, and the southern border at Spanish \_\_\_\_\_.

The treaty also addressed issues related to debts and the treatment of \_\_\_\_\_. Many Loyalists had supported Britain during the war and faced hostility from their \_\_\_\_\_. The treaty ensured that they could live peacefully in the United States and have their \_\_\_\_\_ protected.

Fishing rights were another important topic in the treaty. American \_\_\_\_\_ gained access to the rich fishing grounds off the coast of Newfoundland and in the Gulf of Saint \_\_\_\_\_. This was significant for the economy of the new nation.

The Treaty of Paris 1783 laid the foundation for future \_\_\_\_\_ between the United States and Great Britain. It also set the stage for America's westward \_\_\_\_\_. The success of the American Revolution and the favorable terms of the treaty inspired other colonies around the world to seek \_\_\_\_\_.

- Paris
- key points
- border
- peace
- Jay
- Loyalists
- victory
- fishermen
- property
- expansion
- independence
- Florida
- neighbors
- months
- Lawrence
- relations