The Dutch Invasion and Change

name:



The Glorious Revolutior	took place in 1688.	It was a major event in British
	. The revolution res	sulted in the overthrow of King James II. The Dutch
	, a Dutch prince, led the invasion. He was invited by English	
	to take the throne	. They were unhappy with King James II's rule.
William's wife,	, was	s the daughter of King James II. This helped
legitimize William's cla	im to the	. The invasion began in November
1688. William landed in		with a large army. Many English soldiers joined
his cause. King James II	I fled to	. The revolution ended without much
	. This event is calle	d "glorious" because it was relatively peaceful. The
result was a change in _		. William and Mary became co-rulers of England.
The Glorious Revolutior	had significant	. It limited the powers of the
	. The English Bill of	f Rights was passed in 1689. This document ensured
certain	for citizen	ns. It also established the power of Parliament over
the	The revolutior	n influenced other parts of
It showed that a monarc	ch could be overthro	own. The event was a step towards modern
	. The Dutch invasio	n was key to the success of the revolution. Without
it, King	II might ho	ave remained in power.
democracy Englar history rights i) [throne [France] Mary [Orange] bloodshed ny [invasion] [monarch] [Europe] [nobles]