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## The Constitutional Convention



The Constitutional Convention was a crucial event in the			of the United	
States. Held in 1787,	it aimed to address the problem:	s of the weak central		
	under the Articles of Conf	ederation. Delegates from	twelve of the	
thirteen	attended the convention in Philadelphia. The main objective was			
to create a new	that would	establish a stronger feder	al government. The	
	was filled with debates and o	compromises. One significa	ant outcome was the	
Great	, which established a bicameral legislature. This compromise			
resolved	between large and small states regarding representation.			
Another important de	ebate was about	The Three-Fifth	is Compromise was	
	ortion of the slave			
and taxation. The del	egates also discussed the system	n of checks and	to	
ensure no single bran	nch of government could dominat	te. The new constitution wa	ıs designed to be a	
-	, allowing for amendm			
Rights, the first ten $\_$	, was ac	lded to guarantee individua	l liberties.	
Key figures at the convention included George		, who pr	, who presided over the	
meetings, and James Madison, known as the "		of the Co	onstitution" for his	
pivotal role. Benjami	n Franklin also played a significa	nt part, offering		
and mediation during	heated debates. The convention	lasted several months, con	ncluding in	
	1787. The resulting docum	ent required ratification by	y nine states to	
become effective. The Federalist		, written by Madison,	Alexander	
Hamilton, and John Jo	ay, argued in	of the new constitu	tion. Eventually, the	
necessary states rati	ified the constitution, and it beca	me the	of the	
United States govern	ment.			
Washington	flicts Papers government	t document Septemb	per states	
favor amendme	nts Compromise foundat	ion convention histo	ory balances	
Father slavery	wisdom population cons	titution		