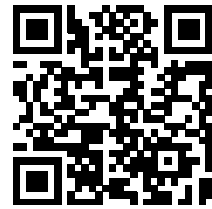


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The Celtic Storytellers



The ancient _____ bards held a unique place in the history and culture of Wales. Tasked with memorizing and reciting the _____ and deeds of their patrons, these poets were much more than mere entertainers. In early Welsh _____, bards were the custodians of the Welsh language and heritage. They travelled from court to court, sharing _____, histories, and poems that were often performed during significant events and _____.

Their memory was impeccable, enabling them to recall vast amounts of information that included not only historical facts but also _____, which were crucial for maintaining the social structure of Welsh tribes. The _____ of the bard was highly respected; they were considered scholars and advisors as well as artists. Through their _____, they preserved the myths and legends of the Celtic gods and heroes, which otherwise might have been lost through time. The bards played a key role in fostering a sense of national _____ among the Welsh people, uniting them through shared stories and common heritage. This practice helped to keep the Welsh _____ alive, especially during periods of foreign domination and cultural assimilation threats.

The training of a _____ was rigorous, requiring years of learning and practice. They had to master the art of poetic composition, memorization, and public _____. This dedication ensured that each generation would have keepers of Welsh _____, ready to pass on their knowledge to the next. The legacy of the Welsh bards is still celebrated today, a testament to their lasting _____ on Welsh identity and the preservation of its history.

- role
- festivals
- performance
- genealogies
- impact
- stories
- society
- language
- Welsh
- lineage
- epics
- identity
- culture
- bard