

name: _____

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Textile Industry in Britain



The textile industry was a major _____ in the Industrial Revolution in Britain. It transformed the country's _____ and society. Before this period, textiles were produced in small, rural _____ . The invention of new machines changed this dramatically. The _____ jenny, invented by James Hargreaves, allowed workers to produce more yarn quickly. Richard Arkwright's _____ frame further improved production by using water power. The power loom, invented by Edmund _____ , mechanized the process of weaving cloth. Factories were built to house these _____ . They were often located near rivers to use water power. The demand for British _____ grew both domestically and internationally. This led to the expansion of _____ and urban areas. Working conditions in these factories were often harsh. Workers, including _____ , worked long hours for low wages. The rapid growth of the textile industry also had environmental _____ . Rivers were often polluted by factory waste. Despite the negative aspects, the textile _____ played a crucial role in Britain's economic development. It laid the foundation for future _____ .

- spinning
- factor
- impacts
- water
- economy
- factories
- children
- textiles
- industry
- industrialization
- machines
- Cartwright
- cottages