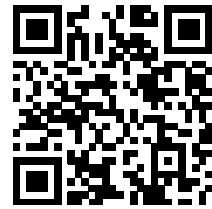


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Scottish Reformation and Education



The Scottish Reformation was a significant _____ that transformed the religious landscape of Scotland. During this period, the Scottish Education _____ played a crucial role in shaping the nation's educational system. The Act aimed to ensure that every parish had a _____, which was a novel idea at the time. This was important because it made education more accessible to the general _____.

John Knox, a leading figure in the Scottish Reformation, was a strong advocate for education. He believed that everyone should be able to read the _____, which was consistent with the Reformation's emphasis on personal faith and scripture. The Education Act supported this idea by promoting _____ among Scots, thus helping to spread Reformation ideals. Before the Act, education in Scotland was mostly limited to the _____. The introduction of parish schools changed that by providing basic education to boys - and eventually _____ - from all backgrounds. Subjects taught in these schools included reading, writing, and _____, which were essential for informed religious and civic participation.

The impact of the Scottish Education Act was profound. It not only increased _____ rates but also fostered a culture that valued learning and critical _____. Over time, this emphasis on education helped Scotland to develop a distinctly _____ workforce, which was instrumental in later economic and _____ developments during the Enlightenment.

Overall, the Scottish Education Act was a cornerstone in the _____ of a modern educational system in Scotland. It highlighted the interconnection between _____ and religion during the Reformation and set the stage for future educational _____.

school thinking literacy elite education Act girls event reforms
foundation Bible educated religion population literacy cultural