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date: _____

Royal Courts and English Law



In the Middle Ages, the Royal _____ played a pivotal role in the development of English law and government. Initially, the King's Court was a place where _____ was administered directly by the monarch. Over time, as the kingdom expanded, it became impractical for the _____ to personally handle all legal matters. Thus, specialized courts like the Common Pleas and the King's _____ emerged. These courts began to apply a uniform system of law across the country, which was a significant _____ from the local laws and customs that had previously dominated. One key figure in this transformation was _____ II, whose reforms laid the groundwork for common law, a legal system based on court _____ and precedents rather than on written codes. The establishment of _____ to decide cases was another major innovation, empowering local _____ by involving them in the judicial process. Furthermore, the creation of the _____ Courts by sending judges around the country helped to ensure that the king's justice was seen to be done far and wide. This _____ not only streamlined the administration of justice but also reinforced the _____ of the monarchy. As the influence of the Royal Courts grew, they became instrumental in resolving _____ that previously might have led to feuds or wars, thus promoting peace and _____. Additionally, the development of legal precedents in these courts provided a _____ for English law that continues to influence legal systems around the world today. The Royal Courts were not just _____ of justice; they were the engines driving the evolution of governance and law in medieval _____.

- disputes
- institutions
- England
- juries
- king
- judgments
- foundation
- system
- Circuit
- Bench
- order
- communities
- justice
- authority
- Courts
- departure
- Henry