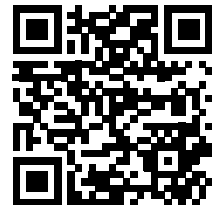


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## Roman Religion in Britain



In ancient times, the \_\_\_\_\_ brought more than just their architecture and roads to Britain; they introduced their \_\_\_\_\_ and religious practices. When the Romans arrived, they found a land rich in local deities and \_\_\_\_\_ traditions. The Roman approach to religion was both pragmatic and inclusive, allowing the worship of native \_\_\_\_\_ gods alongside their own. This led to a fascinating blend of \_\_\_\_\_ and beliefs. Temples were constructed not only for gods like \_\_\_\_\_ and Mars but also for deities such as Sulis, a goddess revered in \_\_\_\_\_. In these temples, rituals and sacrifices were performed to gain favor or seek guidance from the divine. Roman \_\_\_\_\_ often participated in these ceremonies, showing a degree of respect for the \_\_\_\_\_ traditions. Over time, the line between Roman and British religious practices began to blur, creating a unique religious \_\_\_\_\_ in Britain. This merging of beliefs helped to establish a sense of unity and \_\_\_\_\_ among the inhabitants. However, with the arrival of \_\_\_\_\_, these ancient traditions faced a new challenge. Despite initial resistance, Christianity eventually became dominant, absorbing and replacing many of the old \_\_\_\_\_ and practices. Yet, the legacy of Roman religion lived on, influencing the development of British religious \_\_\_\_\_ and leaving behind archaeological remains that continue to fascinate us today.

officials British beliefs gods Bath spiritual Jupiter local  
identity Christianity cultures Romans thought landscape