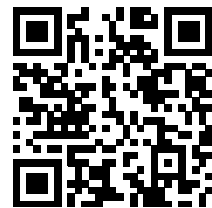


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Roanoke's Science Pioneer Thomas Harriot



Thomas Harriot was an English _____ and explorer. He played a key role in the Roanoke Colony. Harriot was born in 1560 and studied at Oxford _____. He was known for his work in astronomy and mathematics. In 1585, he joined an expedition to the New _____. This expedition aimed to establish a colony on Roanoke Island.

Harriot's job was to study and _____ the land. He also learned about the local Native American tribes. His observations helped the colonists understand the _____. Harriot documented the plants and animals he found. He even made notes about the _____ patterns. Harriot learned the Algonquian _____ from the Native Americans. This helped him communicate and gather _____. His work was crucial for the survival of the colony. Harriot's reports were later used to promote further _____.

Despite the colony's mysterious disappearance, Harriot's work remained valuable. He returned to _____ and continued his scientific studies. Harriot's contributions to science and _____ were significant. He is remembered as a pioneer who helped pave the way for future _____.

environment World University information weather exploration
expeditions map colonization language England scientist