

name: _____

class: _____

date: _____

Reason's Power in Enlightenment



During the Enlightenment, the power of _____ was celebrated as the key to unlocking the mysteries of the universe. Philosophers argued that through rational thought, humans could understand the _____ and improve society. In this era, _____ was seen as a path to freedom and enlightenment. Books and essays flourished, spreading _____ that challenged traditional beliefs and authority. The Enlightenment emphasized the importance of _____ and empirical evidence, moving away from superstition and unfounded assertions. Figures like _____ revolutionized the way we see the natural world, while thinkers like _____ critiqued society and religion with sharp wit. Education became more _____, leading to an increase in literacy and informed public discourse. Governments and rulers, such as _____ the Great of Prussia, even began to adopt Enlightenment principles, promoting _____ and reform. This period laid the groundwork for modern _____, emphasizing the rights and dignity of the individual. Through the lens of reason, the Enlightenment reshaped the _____, setting the stage for the revolutions and innovations that would follow.

knowledge

Newton

tolerance

world

science

reason

accessible

democracy

ideas

future

Frederick

Voltaire