Puritans and the Salem Witch Trials

name:



The Puritans were a religious	group that played a key role in the _	
witch trials. They had strict b	eliefs and sought to create a pure Ch	nristian society. The
Puritans settled in	and established a c	community based on their
religious principles. They beli	eved in the presence of	and the
devil, which influenced their ad	ctions during the trials.	
In 1692, the	witch trials began. The trials were fueled by fear and	
superstition. Many	were accused of wi	tchcraft, but men were also
targeted. The Puritans believe	ed that witches could harm the	
through their evil actions. Acc	cusations often arose from personal	disputes and
·		
	steria and a lack of evidence. People i	relied on spectral evidence,
which included	ded and visions. This type of evidence was highly	
unreliable. As a result, many i	innocent people were executed. The $_$	·
strong belief in the supernati	ural contributed to the widespread pa	nic.
The	and church leaders supported the	trials. They believed it was
their duty to protect the com	munity from evil. The Puritan minist	ter
P	Parris played a significant role in the	accusations. His sermons
fueled fear and	. The trials eventually	ended when the governor's
wife was accused, leading to in	icreased	about the accusations.
The Salem witch trials left a l	asting impact on American history. ⁻	They highlighted the
0	f mass hysteria and the consequence	es of religious extremism.
The Puritans' desire for a pur	e society led to the	of many
innocent people.		
Puritans skepticism So	amuel) [suspicion] [women] [jeal	ousy)(dangers)(Salem)
Massachusetts persecuti	ion witches dreams commur	nity Salem government