

name: _____

class: _____

date: _____

Pollution and Cultural Shifts



During the Industrial Revolution, factories began to _____ the air and water with their activities. People moved to _____ in search of work, leading to overcrowded living conditions. The use of coal for _____ significantly increased, contributing to the smog that covered many industrial cities. Innovations such as the _____ engine transformed transportation and manufacturing. However, this progress came with a cost to the _____. Rivers, once clear, turned dark with waste from textile mills and other _____. Wildlife suffered as their habitats were destroyed or polluted. Public health was impacted, with _____ spreading more easily in dense urban areas. Despite these challenges, the era spurred _____ shifts, including the rise of a consumer society and changes in art reflecting the new industrial _____. Efforts to address pollution were minimal, as economic growth was a priority. The Industrial _____ marked a turning point, highlighting the complex relationship between human progress and _____ stewardship. This period laid the groundwork for modern environmentalism, as people began to recognize the _____ for sustainable practices.

cultural

Revolution

steam

energy

environment

landscape

need

environmental

diseases

cities

pollute

industries