

name: _____

class: _____

date: _____

New England Pilgrims History



In 1620, a group of _____ left England to seek religious freedom. They sailed on a ship called the _____. The journey across the Atlantic Ocean was long and difficult. After several _____, they finally reached the coast of New England.

They decided to settle in an area that would become _____ Colony.

The first winter in Plymouth was extremely harsh. Many Pilgrims did not survive the _____ and lack of food. However, in the spring, the remaining Pilgrims met a Native American named _____. Squanto taught them how to grow corn and where to fish. His help was crucial for the Pilgrims' _____.

The Pilgrims established a form of self-government with the Mayflower _____. This agreement was important as it set the foundation for democratic principles in the New _____. Every male member of the colony had a say in making decisions, which was a new and progressive _____ at the time.

As the colony grew, the Pilgrims built more houses and a meeting hall. They worked hard to create a stable and successful _____. They also formed alliances with nearby Native American tribes, which helped to ensure their _____ and mutual benefit.

One of the most remembered events in Plymouth Colony is the first _____.

The Pilgrims held a feast to celebrate their first successful harvest. They invited the Native _____ to join them, and together, they enjoyed a meal that symbolized gratitude and _____.

New England played a crucial role in the history of America. The Pilgrims' journey and the _____ of Plymouth Colony are often seen as the beginning of European settlement in the northern part of the _____. The values and lessons from this period continue to be important in American _____ today.

Thanksgiving World culture cooperation Pilgrims Plymouth Squanto idea
country Americans cold survival Compact weeks safety community
Mayflower establishment