

name: _____

class: _____

date: _____

Life in Early Colonial America



In the 1600s, settlers from _____ began establishing colonies in what is now known as the United States. They brought with them their own _____, which blended with the indigenous peoples' ways of life. One of the first successful colonies was _____, founded in Virginia in 1607. The settlers faced numerous challenges, including harsh _____, disease, and occasional conflicts with the natives. Despite these hardships, they managed to cultivate _____, which became a cash crop and an important part of the colonial _____. This agricultural success attracted more settlers and led to the expansion of _____ territories.

Religion played a significant role in colonial society. Many settlers were _____, seeking freedom from religious persecution in England. They established a community in _____ that emphasized education, morality, and a strict adherence to their faith.

The _____ system in the colonies was influenced by religious beliefs. The first _____, Harvard, was founded in 1636 to train ministers. However, education was not accessible to _____; it was primarily available to boys from wealthy families.

Cultural exchange between the _____ and the indigenous peoples included the sharing of agricultural techniques, but it also often led to conflict and the displacement of _____ populations.

Throughout the colonial period, a distinct American _____ began to emerge as European traditions blended with indigenous and African influences. This _____ of cultures laid the foundation for the diverse society that would become the United States.

- everyone
- Europe
- education
- culture
- Puritans
- Massachusetts
- colonists
- melting pot
- native
- weather
- Jamestown
- colonial
- tobacco
- cultures
- economy
- university