

name: _____

class: _____

date: _____

Jonathan Swift's Enlightenment Influence



Jonathan Swift, a prominent figure in _____, was born in 1667. He is most famous for his satirical work, "Gulliver's Travels". This book, written in 1726, reflects the _____ era's values. Swift used satire to critique aspects of society and human nature. For example, in "Gulliver's Travels", the tiny people of _____ symbolize pettiness in human affairs. Swift's work often contained sharp _____ of contemporary politics and culture. Swift was a master of using _____ and wit in his writings. He believed that _____ could be a powerful tool to convey serious messages. Swift's use of irony is evident in "A Modest Proposal", where he suggests eating babies to solve poverty, highlighting the indifference of the _____ class. Despite his critical tone, Swift had a deep love for _____. He hoped that through his writing, people would become more self-aware and rational. His works align with the Enlightenment's emphasis on _____ and individual thinking. Swift's writing style was straightforward yet _____. He could make complex ideas accessible to a wide audience. His ability to engage readers made his _____ more impactful. Swift also contributed to the development of the _____ as a literary form. His work influenced many later writers, including George _____ and Aldous Huxley. Swift remains a key figure in understanding the Enlightenment in literature, showing how _____ can challenge and change societal views.

satire	irony	effective	criticism	Lilliput	literature	Enlightenment	humor
upper	humanity	writing	Orwell	novel	reason		