

name: _____

class: _____

date: _____

Industrial Revolution and Society



During the Industrial Revolution, _____ became the main places of work, replacing the traditional _____ lifestyle. People moved from rural areas to _____ in search of better job opportunities. This migration led to the growth of urban _____, changing the social structure. Children and _____ began working long hours in factories under poor conditions. Education became more _____, as skilled workers were in demand. The revolution also sparked _____ in technology and communication. Literature and _____ reflected the changes in society, with new themes and styles emerging. The gap between the _____ and the poor widened, leading to social unrest. However, it also led to the formation of _____ to fight for workers' rights. Over time, laws were passed to improve _____ conditions and reduce child labor. The Industrial Revolution was a turning point that significantly altered _____ and society, paving the way for the modern world.

working

farming

innovations

factories

unions

women

populations

important

culture

art

rich

cities