

name: _____

class: _____

date: _____

Humanism and Enlightenment



During the Enlightenment, the emphasis on _____ and critical thinking began to flourish. People started to question traditional beliefs and sought evidence and _____ in understanding the world. Central to this era was the concept of _____, which focused on the importance and _____ of human beings, individually and collectively. Philosophers like Voltaire and _____ advocated for freedom of thought and expression, challenging the authority of the _____ and state. Education became a tool for empowerment, leading to the development of public _____ and libraries. Science and mathematics saw significant advances, with figures such as _____ making groundbreaking discoveries. Art and literature were also transformed, reflecting more realistic and human-centric _____. This period saw the drafting of important documents like the _____ of the Rights of Man, which laid the groundwork for modern _____. The Enlightenment's legacy is its contribution to the shaping of a world where _____, equality, and justice are valued. Despite its challenges, the _____ era marked a pivotal shift towards modernity, redefining humanity's view of itself and its capabilities.

Newton

value

logic

themes

Declaration

freedom

humanism

reason

church

Enlightenment

democracies

schools

Diderot