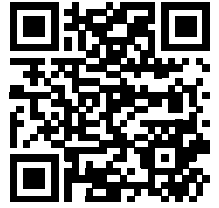


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Historic English Gardens



In the _____ of English garden design, the landscape has always played a crucial role. The earliest gardens were _____, providing herbs, vegetables, and fruits for households. Over time, gardens evolved into _____ spaces, reflecting the wealth and taste of their owners. The _____ period introduced formal gardens, emphasizing symmetry and order. These gardens were designed to impress visitors and demonstrate control over _____.

By the 18th century, the _____ landscape garden emerged, inspired by romantic and naturalistic ideas from the continent. This style sought to mimic the natural landscapes of _____, with sweeping lawns, serpentine lakes, and strategic plantings of trees. Key figures like _____ Brown and Humphry Repton mastered the art of creating these seemingly natural landscapes, which were, in fact, carefully _____.

Gardens such as _____ and Chatsworth became iconic examples, blending art and nature in harmony. These gardens also served as places of _____, where people could escape the hustle and bustle of city life. The 19th century saw the introduction of the _____ garden, characterized by exotic plant species collected from around the _____. This era also marked the beginning of public _____, making gardens accessible to everyone, not just the elite. In contemporary times, the principles of historic garden design continue to influence _____ landscapes. Sustainability and ecological considerations are now as important as aesthetic _____. The story of English garden design is a testament to the changing relationship between humans and their _____, reflecting societal trends, technological advances, and cultural values.

- Capability
- paintings
- Stourhead
- planned
- symbolic
- history
- modern
- beauty
- globe
- Renaissance
- practical
- nature
- parks
- leisure
- English
- environment
- Victorian