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## Glorious Revolution Impact



The Glorious Revolution of 1688 was a pivotal	in English history. It
led to the overthrow of King James II. He was replace	d by his daughter Mary and her husband,
William of This change wa	s not just a simple transfer of power. It
marked the beginning of a new era. The Revolution _	played a crucial
role in this transformation. It established a constitu	
meant that the king or queen could not rule without	the consent of Parliament. The
of Rights was a significant	part of the settlement. It laid out
specific rights and liberties. It also set clear limits o	n royal
The Revolution Settlement also addressed religious i	ssues. It ensured that no
could ever become the mo	narch. This was a response to fears of
Catholic absolutism. The c	f Toleration was another key element. It
granted religious freedom to non-Anglican	. However, it did not
extend these freedoms to Catholics or non-Christian	ns. The settlement had long-term
on British society. It pave	d the way for a more democratic
government. It also influenced political	across Europe.
Another important aspect was the financial settleme	nt. Parliament gained
over taxation and public s	pending. This reduced the power of the
monarchy. It also led to the	$\_$ of a more modern financial system. The
establishment of the Bank of England in 1694 was a d	irect result of these
The legal reforms that fo	llowed strengthened the rule of law. They
ensured that no one, not even the	, was above the law. The Revolution
Settlement was thus a cornerstone of modern Britis	h It helped
shape the nation's future in profound ways.	
control thought authority effects even	t development changes Orange
governance Catholic king monarchy B	Act Protestants Settlement