

name: _____

class: _____

date: _____

Georgian Architecture and Townhouses



Georgian architecture, popular from 1714 to 1830, is known for its elegance and balance. The _____ loved symmetry, which is evident in the design of their townhouses.

These buildings often had a uniform look, with a central door and equally spaced _____ on either side. Bricks were the most common _____ used, giving the houses a distinct, stately appearance.

Townhouses from this era were typically three or four stories high. They featured a basement, which was used for _____ and service areas. The ground floor often had a formal _____ room and a drawing room for entertaining guests. The upper floors contained private _____ and sometimes a study. The layout was practical yet stylish, reflecting the social norms of the time.

One of the unique features of Georgian townhouses is the _____. It was not just functional but also a statement of wealth and taste. These staircases were often elegantly designed, with intricate _____ and sometimes a large window at the landing to bring in natural light.

Another notable aspect was the use of _____. Pastel shades like blue, green, and pink were popular for interiors. This was a departure from the darker colors of earlier periods. The _____ in every room were both functional and decorative, often featuring elaborate designs.

Georgian townhouses also paid great attention to _____. These were usually located at the back and were as symmetrical as the houses themselves. They provided a private outdoor space for the residents, a valuable feature in urban settings.

Lastly, Georgian architecture emphasized _____ and order. The townhouses were designed to be aesthetically pleasing, with each element in harmony with the rest. This style continues to influence modern architecture, showing the lasting impact of Georgian design.

proportion staircase gardens Georgians banisters fireplaces bedrooms
dining windows colors material kitchen