

name: _____

class: _____

date: _____

Faith Amidst Plague



During the 14th century, the _____ Death swept across Europe, causing unprecedented mortality and social upheaval. People turned to _____ as a source of comfort and explanation for the catastrophe that was unfolding around them. Many saw the plague as a form of divine _____, believing that their sins had brought this calamity upon humanity. In response, various religious _____ emerged, some focusing on penance and others on radical reform of the church.

Flagellants, groups of _____ who publicly whipped themselves to atone for society's sins, became a common sight. They believed that their _____ could appease God's wrath and end the plague. Meanwhile, the clergy faced their own _____, with many priests dying or abandoning their duties, leading to a crisis of faith among the populace.

Amidst the fear and death, some individuals saw opportunities for _____ gain. A few unscrupulous _____ sold fake relics and so-called protective amulets, exploiting the population's desperation for spiritual salvation. This period also saw the rise of _____, with minorities, especially Jews, being blamed for the spread of the disease and facing violent persecutions.

Despite the turmoil, the Black Death also inspired acts of _____ and charity. Many religious communities opened their doors to care for the sick, and some wealthy individuals funded the construction of _____ and hospices. This era of suffering and fear, paradoxically, led to a deepening of spiritual _____ for many, as they sought solace and meaning in their faith.

merchants

religion

hospitals

suffering

challenges

punishment

kindness

scapegoating

personal

movements

people

Black

life