

name: _____

class: _____

date: _____

Exploring Roanoke Colony



In the late 16th century, England sought to establish its _____ in the New World, challenging Spanish dominance. The Roanoke Colony, also known as the Lost _____, was England's first attempt at a permanent settlement in North America. Sponsored by Sir Walter _____, the colony was situated on an island off the coast of what is now North Carolina.

The first _____ of settlers arrived in 1585, led by Ralph Lane. They relied heavily on local Native _____ for survival and learned new skills to adapt to the unfamiliar environment. However, _____ between the colonists and the natives deteriorated, leading to conflicts. The scarcity of _____ and resources strained the settlers further.

A second group, including families and individuals, arrived in 1587 under the _____ of John White, who became the colony's governor. White returned to _____ for supplies shortly after establishing the colony but was delayed returning due to the _____ Armada. By the time he returned in 1590, the entire colony had mysteriously _____.

The only clue left behind was the word "Croatoan" carved into a _____, suggesting they might have moved to the Croatoan Island, but no definitive evidence was ever _____. The disappearance of the Roanoke Colony remains one of the greatest mysteries in American _____.

This early attempt at colonization underscored the challenges faced by settlers, including harsh _____, navigational errors, and the complex dynamics with indigenous peoples. The lessons learned from _____ influenced future colonial ventures, paving the way for the successful establishment of _____ in 1607, which eventually led to the growth of British colonies across North _____.

- presence
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