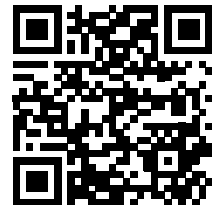


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Exploring Peru



Peru is a country rich in history and culture, located in the western part of South _____ . Its landscapes range from the arid plains of the Pacific coast to the peaks of the _____ mountains and the tropical Amazon _____ .

This diverse environment has been home to various civilizations, the most famous being the _____ Empire.

Before the Inca, many other cultures thrived in Peru, like the _____ , known for their mysterious lines drawn in the desert. These _____ depict various shapes and figures, only visible from the air. Another pre-Incan culture, the _____ , is renowned for their intricate pottery and sophisticated irrigation systems.

The Inca Empire, at its peak, was the largest _____ in pre-Columbian America. Its administrative, political, and military center was located in _____ . The Incas were skilled engineers, building extensive road networks and _____ on mountain slopes for agriculture. They are also famous for constructing _____ , a breathtaking city perched high in the Andes, which remains one of the _____ 's most iconic archaeological sites.

Spanish _____ arrived in Peru in the 16th century, led by Francisco _____ . They conquered the Inca Empire, marking the end of pre-Columbian civilizations in _____ . However, the blend of indigenous and Spanish influences has created a rich cultural heritage evident in Peru's _____ , food, and festivals.

Today, Peru continues to fascinate with its history, from ancient ruins and the _____ of the Inca to the vibrant traditions that have emerged from the blend of cultures. It attracts _____ from all over the globe, eager to explore its archaeological wonders and experience its diverse cultural _____ .

- world
- conquistadors
- Machu Picchu
- legacy
- Inca
- Andes
- Nazca
- music
- Cusco
- basin
- expressions
- Pizarro
- America
- Peru
- lines
- travelers
- empire
- terraces
- Moche