

name: _____

class: _____

date: _____

Edward I's Legal Legacy



Edward I, known as _____ for his imposing height, played a pivotal role in shaping English law and _____. Born in 1239, he ascended the throne in 1272 and immediately set about reforming the _____'s legal system. His reign saw the introduction of the Statutes of _____, a series of laws that significantly influenced English law. Edward's efforts to centralize government _____ were evident in his establishment of a more organized system of _____, which helped to fund his military campaigns. He also convened the Model _____ in 1295, a seminal event in the development of the parliamentary system in _____. This gathering was notable for including not just nobles but also _____, marking a step towards a more inclusive form of governance. _____ was relentless in his campaign to bring Wales under English control, successfully _____ it through a combination of military might and the construction of imposing _____. His ambitions didn't stop at Wales; he also attempted to subjugate _____, leading to numerous conflicts. Despite his military endeavors, Edward's lasting _____ is most apparent in his legal reforms. He established the Common Law and the Chancery _____, laying the groundwork for the English legal system that is still in place today. His _____ set the stage for the gradual development of a constitutional monarchy in England, influencing the _____ of power between the monarchy and the Parliament. Edward I's reign ended in 1307, but his _____ on English law and government continues to be felt centuries later.

- commoners
- annexing
- Courts
- Edward
- balance
- castles
- Westminster
- actions
- taxation
- Scotland
- government
- control
- kingdom
- Longshanks
- England
- legacy
- impact
- Parliament