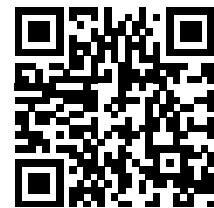


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Economic Impact of Romans in Britain



The Romans brought many changes to _____, including the establishment of a wide trade network. This network connected Britain with the rest of the _____ Empire, enabling the exchange of goods like wine, olive oil, and pottery. They introduced new _____ techniques, which increased food production. The Romans also built roads that improved _____ and trade across Britain. These _____ were so well-constructed that some are still in use today. With the establishment of _____ like Londinium (London), trade hubs began to flourish. The Romans also mined for _____ and silver, which were valuable for their economy. Roman influence led to the introduction of _____, making trade easier and more efficient. Before the Romans, the British _____ was mostly based on barter. The arrival of the Romans marked the _____ of a monetary economy in Britain. Trade with the Roman Empire also introduced new _____ items to Britain, such as spices and silk. This exchange significantly impacted the British _____, introducing Roman culture and goods. However, it wasn't just goods that moved along these trade routes; _____ and cultural practices spread too, shaping British society in ways that lasted well beyond the Roman _____.

departure lifestyle roads transportation lead beginning cities
luxury Roman farming Britain coinage ideas economy