

name: _____

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Discovering the Jomon Period



In ancient Japan, during the _____ period, people lived in a unique way. They were among the first to create _____, using it for both cooking and storage. The climate was much cooler, which affected the types of _____ available. Instead of farming, Jomon people relied on hunting, fishing, and gathering for their _____. Their settlements were permanent, with houses built partially _____ to keep warm. Tools and ornaments were made from bone, stone, and even _____, showing a high level of craftsmanship. The society was likely _____, with no clear evidence of a hierarchical structure. Artifacts like clay figures, known as _____, suggest a rich spiritual life, possibly involving animism and ancestor worship. The Jomon _____ laid the foundations for Japanese culture, influencing later periods such as the _____, when rice cultivation began. This transition marks a significant shift in lifestyle and social _____. The Jomon period, therefore, represents an important era of innovation and adaptation in early Japanese _____.

jade food Jomon sustenance underground egalitarian period
dogu organization Yayoi history pottery