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Clan Culture in Scotland



In medieval Scotland, the _____ system was a pivotal part of society. Each clan, a large family group, had its own _____, who was the leader and protector. Clans were identified by their _____, unique patterns on their kilts. The members of a clan lived in a specific _____ of Scotland, often in the Highlands. They shared common _____ and were fiercely loyal to their clan. The clan chief lived in a large _____ or manor. He made important decisions and settled _____ within the clan. Clans often had a _____ and a coat of arms, which were symbols of their identity and values. These mottos were usually in Gaelic, the _____ spoken by many Scots during that time. Clans supported themselves through _____ and sometimes cattle rearing. The bond within the clan was so strong that members often fought together in _____. Clan rivalries were common, and disputes over land or power could lead to feuds. Young clan members were taught the history and skills necessary for survival, such as _____ and fighting. Storytelling was an important part of clan culture, with tales of legendary _____ and ancestors. These stories were often told during gatherings, accompanied by traditional Scottish _____. The clan system shaped much of Scotland's history and culture. It fostered a sense of community and belonging among its members, creating a unique social structure in medieval _____.

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