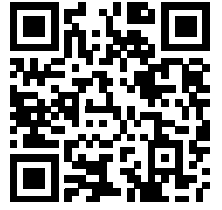


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British Convicts in Australia



British convicts played a crucial role in the _____ of Australia. In the late 18th century, the British government decided to use _____ as a penal colony. They needed a solution for their overcrowded prisons. The First Fleet, carrying over 700 _____, arrived in Botany Bay in 1788. Life for the convicts was harsh. They had to work on building _____ and farming the land. Many convicts faced severe _____ for breaking rules. Despite the tough conditions, some convicts managed to _____ into society. They were given a ticket-of-leave for good behavior, allowing them to work for _____. Over time, many former convicts became settlers. They contributed to the growth of the new _____. Their hard work laid the foundations for modern Australian society.

Not all convicts were _____ in the traditional sense. Some were transported for minor offenses like stealing bread. The _____ to Australia was arduous and could take up to eight months. Convicts were kept in _____ and unsanitary conditions on the ships. Upon arrival, they were often _____ and weak. Yet, their resilience helped them survive and adapt. The convicts also had a significant _____ on the local Indigenous populations. The arrival of the British led to _____ and displacement of many Indigenous groups. This period marked a dramatic change in Australia's _____. The legacy of the convicts is still evident today in Australian _____ and society.

- criminals
- infrastructure
- crowded
- wages
- impact
- integrate
- journey
- malnourished
- culture
- colony
- Australia
- convicts
- history
- conflict
- colonization
- punishments