

name: \_\_\_\_\_

class: \_\_\_\_\_

date: \_\_\_\_\_

# Art History

## Tasks:

1. Write the words in the correct gaps!
2. Scan the QR code to check if everything is correct!
3. Copy the text again in your notebook without any mistakes!



Art history is an exciting journey through \_\_\_\_\_, showcasing the evolution and diversity of human creativity. From the ancient \_\_\_\_\_ of Lascaux, with their mesmerizing paintings, to the grandeur of Renaissance \_\_\_\_\_, art history spans thousands of years. The Egyptians used art to commemorate the \_\_\_\_\_ and celebrate life, creating timeless \_\_\_\_\_. In ancient Greece, art took the form of idealized \_\_\_\_\_ and intricate pottery, reflecting their cultural values. The Middle Ages saw the rise of religious \_\_\_\_\_ in Byzantium and the Gothic \_\_\_\_\_ of Europe, filled with detailed stained glass and sculptures. The Renaissance marked a turning point with artists like Leonardo da Vinci and Michelangelo pushing the boundaries of \_\_\_\_\_ and expression. This era brought a focus on realism, perspective, and human \_\_\_\_\_. Modern art, starting around the 19th century, broke traditional rules with movements like Impressionism, \_\_\_\_\_, and Surrealism. Artists like Claude Monet, Pablo Picasso, and Salvador Dalí challenged viewers' perceptions. Contemporary art continues this trend, often focusing on \_\_\_\_\_ themes and utilizing diverse mediums, from digital \_\_\_\_\_ to found objects. Throughout history, art has been a mirror to society, reflecting cultural, political, and social \_\_\_\_\_.

changes

statues

sculptures

cathedrals

time

emotion

dead

icons

Cubism

conceptual

technology

monuments

caves

technique