

name: _____

class: _____

date: _____

Animals and the Age of Discovery



During the _____ of Discovery, explorers set sail across the _____ to find new lands. This period was marked by the introduction of _____ from distant continents to Europe, which had a profound impact on _____. For instance, when Christopher _____ arrived in the Americas, he encountered a myriad of previously unknown species. These discoveries were not just limited to the _____ World; Vasco da Gama's voyage to _____ also revealed new species to Europeans. The introduction of animals like the _____, which became a popular bird in Europe, and the _____, which dramatically changed diets, were direct results of these explorations. Scientists of the time, such as _____ Gessner, began to document these animals in detail, leading to the early development of modern zoology. Gessner's work, _____ Animalium, is considered one of the first attempts at comprehensive zoological documentation. This era also saw the emergence of _____ collections and zoos, where these exotic animals were kept for study and display. The exchange of animals increased the spread of _____, which had both positive and negative impacts on native populations and ecosystems. Despite the challenges, the Age of Discovery was a pivotal moment for zoology, expanding the knowledge of biodiversity and laying the foundation for future _____ discoveries.

zoology

New

India

Columbus

Historiae

private

diseases

Conrad

animals

oceans

scientific

Age

turkey

potato