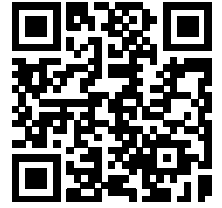


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Ancient Philosophy



In the world of _____, ancient thinkers laid the groundwork for modern thought. One of the earliest known philosophers was _____ from Miletus, who proposed that water was the fundamental substance of the universe. Following him, _____ introduced the idea that numbers govern reality. In Athens, the famous _____ emphasized the importance of questioning and self-examination. His student, _____, established the Academy and wrote about ideal forms. _____, Plato's student, focused on empirical observation and logic.

In the East, _____ in China emphasized ethical living and social harmony. Meanwhile, in India, the teachings of _____ explored suffering and the path to enlightenment. _____ in Persia introduced concepts of good and evil in a dualistic universe.

These philosophers not only influenced their contemporaries but also shaped future generations. For instance, the Roman philosopher _____ drew heavily on Stoic principles, which emphasized virtue and self-control. In the modern era, thinkers like _____ and _____ were influenced by ancient philosophical ideas, showing their timeless relevance. The study of ancient philosophy helps us understand the evolution of human thought and the foundations of our current ethical systems. It bridges the past and present, revealing how ancient wisdom still impacts our lives today.

Thales	philosophy	Plato	Buddha	Pythagoras	Kant	Nietzsche	Confucius
Socrates	Seneca	Aristotle	Zoroaster				